



Investor Presentation

PT Solusi Tunas Pratama Tbk

March 2014

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Section 1

Introduction to STP



STP company overview

Third largest independent Indonesian tower company Unique combination of tower assets and fiber network





2,073 km of fiber network(c)
Rolling out micro cell for LTE services

stp

Last 3 years revenue CAGR of 40.9%

9M 2013 revenue of IDR600bn (US\$53.1m)

Industry leading EBITDA margin of 83% in 9M 2013





(2,798 towers, 550 shelter/indoor DAS)

5,285 tenancies

(4,708 tower tenancies, 1.68x tenancy ratio)

(a) Solusi Tunas Pratama stock price of IDR 8,850 per share as of 17 Mar 2014

(b) Current LTE customers are First Media and Internux

(c) As of 31 Dec 2013

Note: USD/IDR exchange rate of 11,293 as of 17 Mar 2014

Source: Company data, FactSet as of 17 Mar 2014

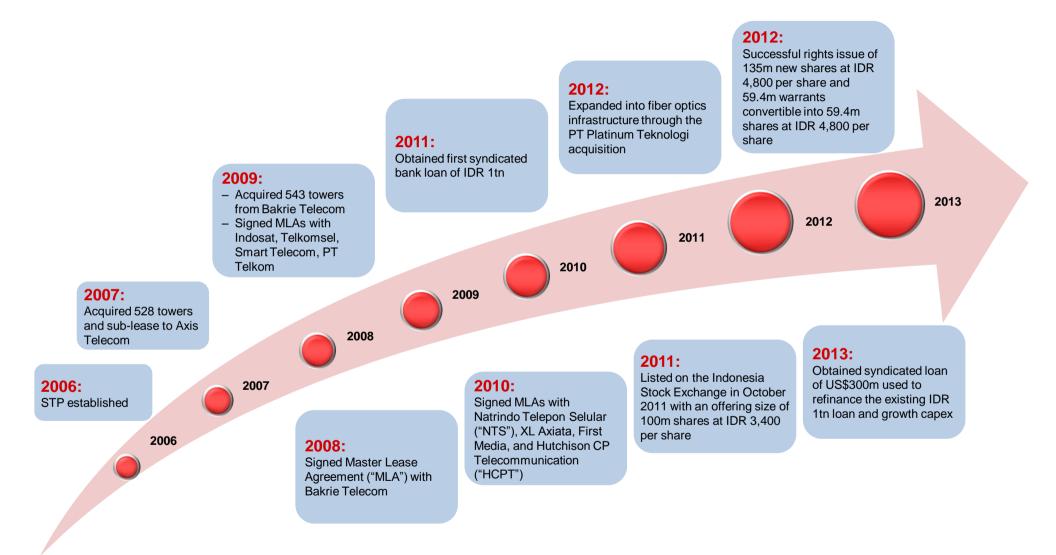
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Key corporate milestones



Fast growth business transformation from pure-play tower company to an integrated telco services provider





Attractive business model



Traditional service line



Lease space at our sites to telecommunication operators for antennas and other telecom equipment for wireless signal transmission under long term agreements

New service lines



Offer efficient backhaul solutions for telecommunication operators using our <u>fiber network</u>



Provide telecommunication operators with access to our Indoor Building Solution networks in shopping malls and residential buildings in major urban areas



Essentially a leasing business with an anchor tenant from day one – no speculative new builds



Highly stable and predictable revenue streams



Massive operational leverage and ROI from incremental tenancies



Key features of our Master Lease Agreements ("MLAs")



Long term contract 10 – 12 years for Towers and 5 years for Indoor DAS Network Termination penalty Customer shall pay the rental fee for the entire remaining term of the MLA Rental fee is fixed for the whole period of the MLA

Rentals

Power pass-through

· Customers bear the power/electricity cost necessary to operate the equipment, except for Telkomsel

Maintenance inflation

Adjustable on a yearly basis based on the inflation rate published by the Central Bureau of Statistic ("BPS")

Service agreement

- Standard maintenance and repair procedures (including agreed timeline for repair)
- 7 X 24 hours customer service
- 7 X 24 hours access to the site
- 24 hours site security
- Predetermined reporting time
- · Predetermined penalty calculation





Section 2

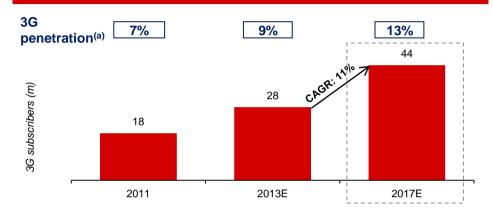
Favorable industry backdrop



Robust growth in telecom industry in Indonesia



Strong growth in 3G subscribers

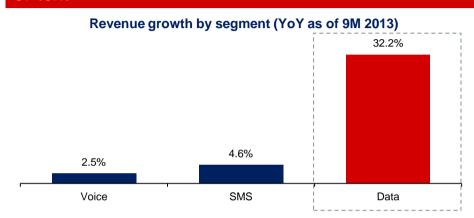


(a) Calculated as 3G subscribers over total wireless subscribers Source: BMI (www.businessmonitor.com/bmo)

Data traffic growing at 95% CAGR

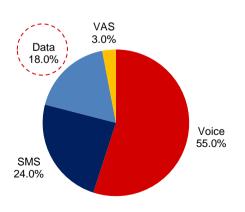
Source: Company data, broker research

Data revenues are growing much faster than voice or text



Source: Company data, broker research

Data already accounts for ~18% of total industry revenues (2013E)

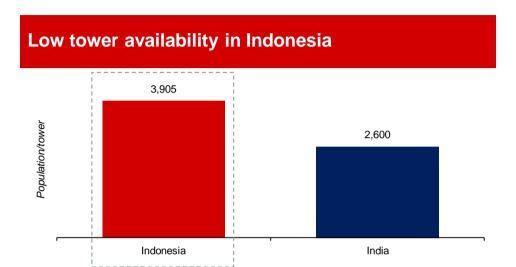


Source: Company data, broker research

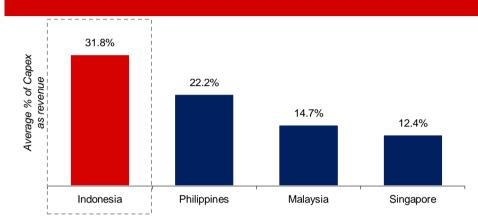


Favourable tower industry dynamics in Indonesia





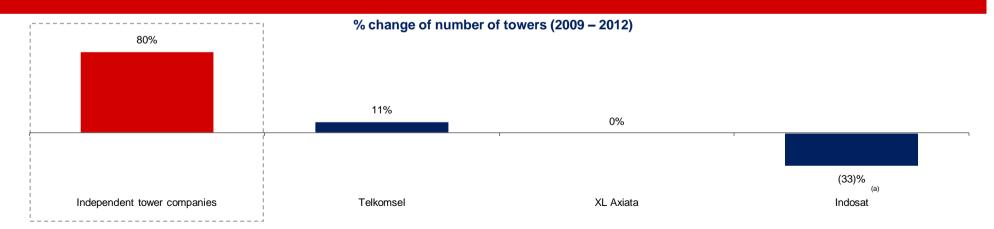
Telcos are capital constrained (2013E)



Note: Average for Indonesia comprises the average of XL Axiata, Telkom and Indosat. Average for Philippines include PDLT and Globe Telecom. Average for Singapore comprises the average of Singtel, M1 and Starhub. Average for Malaysia comprises the average of Maxis, Digi.com and Axiata Source: Broker reports

Source: Company filing as of Mar 2013

Growth in towers is coming via independent tower companies



(a) Includes sale of 2,500 towers Source: Company data, broker reports



High entry barriers into our industry



Indonesian market very conducive to tower and fiber company business model

Regulatory barriers



- Ownership of tower companies must comply with the Negative List
 - The Negative List was last amended to include tower companies (prohibiting foreign investment in private tower companies) and prohibiting foreign control of public tower companies
- Extensive permits / licensing site approval processes

Government regulations mandate tower sharing



On 30 March 2009, four Ministries issued a Joint Decree regarding Construction and Utilization of Shared
Telecommunication Towers. The Joint Decree strongly promotes the tower sharing model and has clear guidelines for the
issuance of building permits that benefit independent tower providers

Operational and capital hurdles



- Qualified track record required by telecom operators
- Significant upfront capex
- Telcos want to work with financially strong partners
 - Extremely low customer churn due to switching costs and potential network impact

Special permit in Jakarta



- One of only three companies in Jakarta with a 20 year contract to deploy street level micro cell network using existing local government assets
 - LTE ready





Section 3

Key investment highlights



Key investment highlights



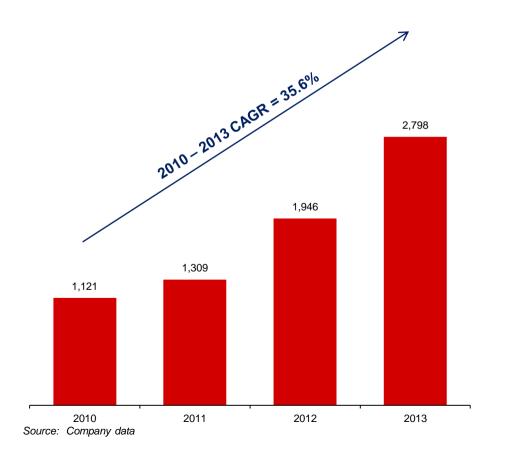
- Proven growth track record in a fast emerging sector
 - National presence with asset concentration in Greater Jakarta
 - Rapidly diversifying client base towards top tier operators
 - Valuable domestic fiber assets to offer integrated, LTE ready, last mile access solutions
 - 5 Strong EBITDA growth
 - 6 Conservative leverage and cash balances to drive further growth
- Experienced, forward looking management team and reputable Board of Commissioners

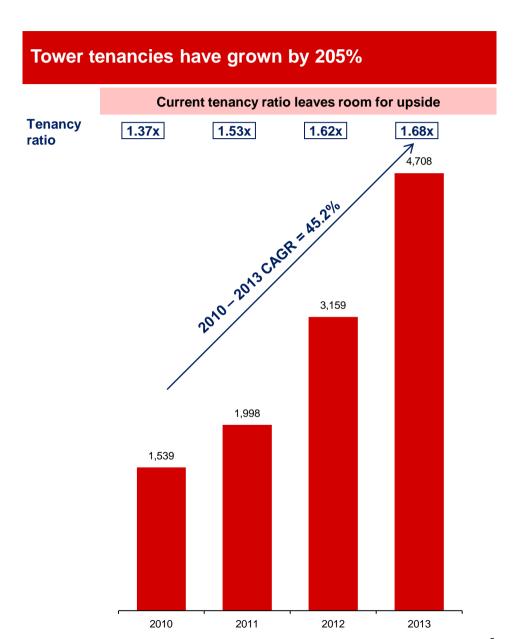


Proven track record of growth



Towers have grown by 150% in last 3 years





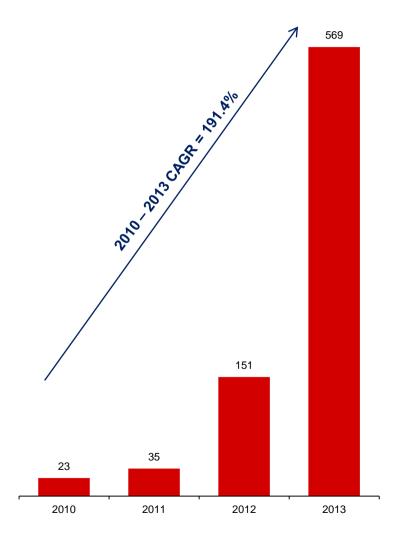




Robust organic momentum and an effective M&A strategy



Organic tower by STP – growth is accelerating



More efficient acquisitions and accelerated integration

Year	Acquisition	Acquisition completion
2007	 NTS Tower Acquisition 528 towers located in Jakarta and Greater Jakarta Contracted through Ericsson Indonesia under RTU (Right to Use) scheme 	2 years
2009	 BTEL Tower Acquisition 543 towers nationwide STP acquired the sites on as-is basis Transfer of title, land extension, IMB application & extension were done by STP 	1 year
2012	 Nurama Tower Acquisition 176 towers in West, Central, and East Java, 182 Shelters, 100 km of Fiber Optic in Bandung STP acquired the sites as the company was insolvent Transfer of title, land extension, IMB application & extension were done by STP 	8 months
2012	 HCPT Tower Acquisition 200 towers^(a) in Jabotabek, West, Central, and East Java Transfer of title, land extension, IMB application and extension were done by STP 	3 months
2013	 ISP Group Tower Acquisition 493 towers in Botabek, West, Central, and East Java, Sulawesi, Sumatera, Bali Nusa Tenggara, 287 Shelters Transfer of title, land extension, IMB application & extension were done by STP 	2 months

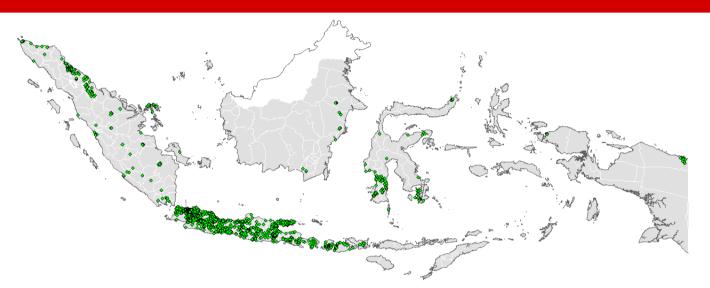




National presence with asset concentration in Greater Jakarta



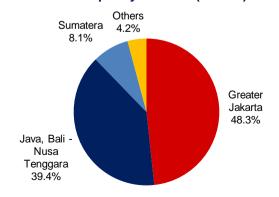
Tower assets are strategically located across Indonesia



Assa	No. of	Croudh	
Area	2012	2013	Growth
Greater Jakarta	1,164	1,352	188
Java	566	984	418
Sumatera	142	227	85
Kalimantan - Sulawesi	32	100	68
Bali – Nusa Tenggara	25	118	93
Papua	17	17	0
Total	1,946	2,798	852

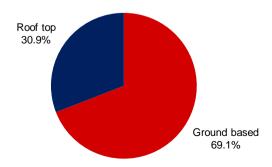
Most of our towers are in Greater Jakarta...

Towers split by location (Dec 13)



...and two-thirds of towers portfolio are Ground based towers, which supports higher tenancies

Towers split by format (Dec 13)





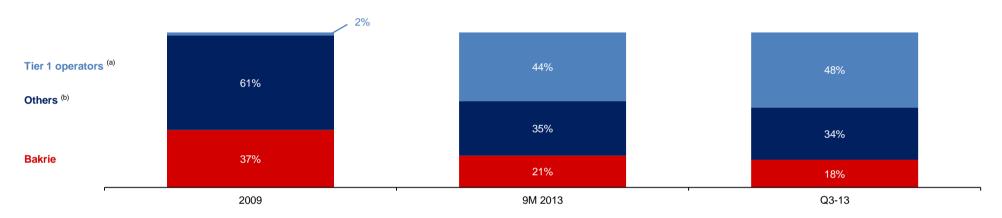


Rapidly diversifying client base towards top tier operators



STP has successfully diversified its customer base towards high quality operators

Revenue breakdown by operators



Relationships with all the telcos in Indonesia



















⁽a) Tier 1 operators include XL Axiata, PT Telkom, Telkomsel and Indosat

⁽b) Others include Hutch, First Media, Smartfren, Axis and Others

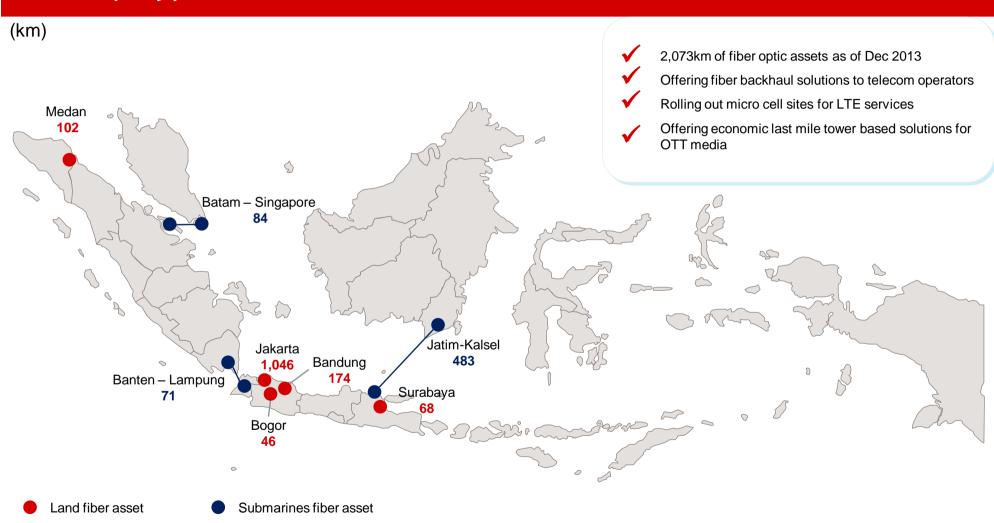




Valuable domestic fiber assets to offer integrated, LTE ready, last mile access solutions



We have a quality portfolio of fiber assets





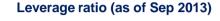
Strong EBITDA growth

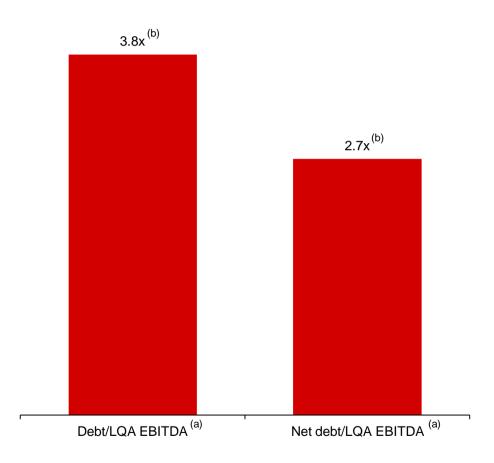
6 Conservative leverage and cash balances to drive further growth

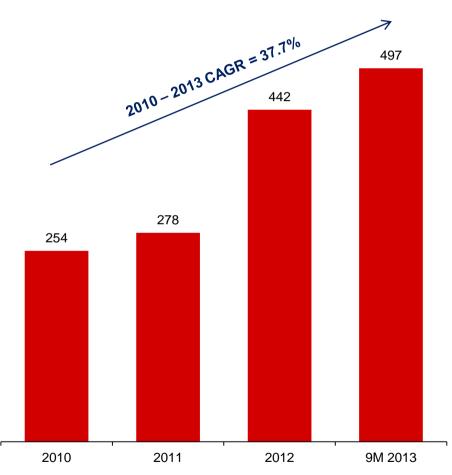


EBITDA (IDRbn)

Conservatively geared and IDR 764bn (US\$68m) cash on hand for STP to take advantage of market opportunities







(a) LQA EBITDA = Latest quarterly EBITDA * 4

(b) Debt in USD currency as of Sep 2013 is translated into IDR using the hedged rate

Note: USD/IDR exchange rate of 11,293 as of 17 Mar 2014





Experienced, forward looking management team and reputable Board of Commissioners



Board of Directors



Nobel TanihahaPresident Director

- 7 years on the BoD
- Previous work experience mainly in property and construction sectors in Indonesia, Singapore, Hong Kong and China



Juliawati Gunawan Finance Director

- · 3 years on the BoD
- Previously worked with Ernst & Young, with 16 years of experience in auditing and corporate finance field before joining STP



Yan Heryana Marketing Director

- 2 years on the BoD
- Previously worked with PT
 Hariff Daya Tunggal
 Engineering and PT Starcom
 Solusindo, companies engaged
 in telecommunication sector



Eko Abdurrahman Saleh Operations Director

- 3 years on the BoD
- Previously worked with PT Indosat Mega Media and PT XL Axiata



Tommy Gustavi Utomo *Property Management Director*

- 1 year on the BoD
- Previously worked with PT Bakrie Telecom Tbk

Board of Commissioners



Jennivine Yuwono
President Commissioner

- 3 years on the BoC
- Previously worked with Morgan Stanley New York and Singapore
- Also serves as Director of PT Deltamas Abadi Makmur, and Commissioner of PT Kharisma Indah Ekaprima



Ludwig Indrawan VP Commissioner

- 2 years on the BoC
- Previously worked in property and financial sectors in Indonesia and Australia
- Also serves as Managing Director of PT Smarts Home Anugrah



Thong Thong Sennelius Commissioner

- 3 years on the BoC
- Previously worked with Morgan Stanley New York and Singapore
- Also serves as Director of PT Ciptadana Capital and PT Ciptadana Multifinance



M Senang Sembiring
Independent Commissioner

- 3 years on the BoC
- Previously worked with PT Bursa Efek Indonesia (now IDX) as Director
- Also serve as Executive
 Director of Yayasan Kehati, a
 foundation engaged in
 biodiversity



Erry Firmansyah *Independent Commissioner*

- 1 year on the BoC
- Previous work experience includes serving as the President Director of IDX
- Currently serves as President Director of PT Indonesian Central Security Depository (KSEI) and also serves as Independent Commissioner in several public companies, including PT 15 Unilever Indonesia Tbk and PT Astra International Tbk





Section 4

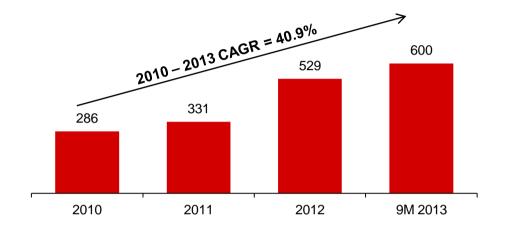
Strong financial performance



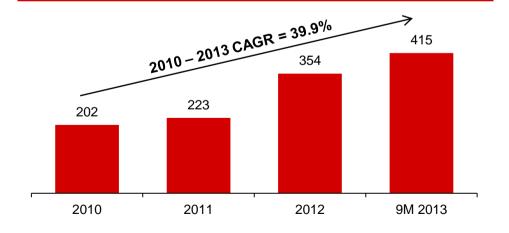
Robust revenue and EBITDA growth



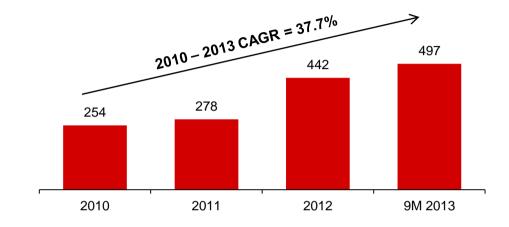
Revenue growth (IDRbn)



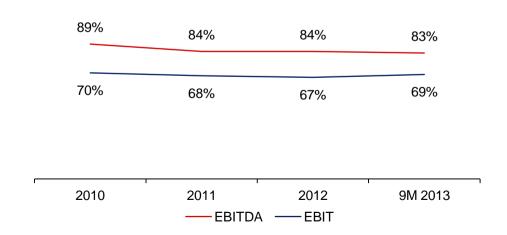
EBIT growth (IDRbn)



EBITDA growth (IDRbn)



EBITDA & EBIT margins (%)

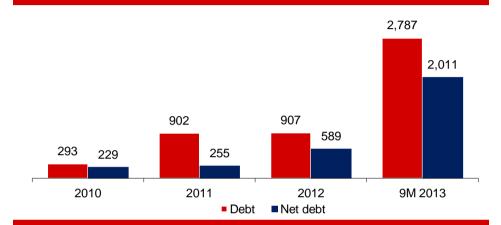




Conservative capital structure, well spread loan maturity profile and FX hedging



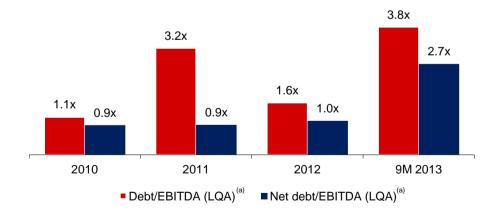




Debt repayments over 5 years (IDRbn)

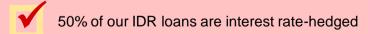


Leverage ratios



Hedge contracts







Key accounting policies



Revenue & expenses

- Rental income from operating lease is recognized as revenue when earned. The rental received in advance is presented as "deferred income" and recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term
- Expenses are recognized as incurred (accrual basis)

Leases

- Leases that transfer to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item are classified as finance leases
- Leases which do not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item are classified as operating leases

Depreciation

Property and Equipment, after initial recognition, are stated by using cost model and is carried at cost less its
accumulated depreciation (except land which is recorded at cost and not depreciated). The depreciation is calculated
using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of property and equipment

Investment properties

- Investment property is property held by the Company to earn rental fee, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes or sale in the ordinary course of business
- Investment property is measured at fair value based on valuation from an independent qualified appraiser

Hedge accounting

• The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and cross currency swap to hedge its exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to floating interest rates and fluctuations of exchange rates. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value





Section 5

Well positioned for growth



Our growth strategies



	1	Focus on building towers in high density locations
	2	Continue raising organic growth contribution
ota	3	Further increase contribution from Tier 1 telcos
stp	4	Expand fiber optic network and inbuilding coverage
	5	Offer ready and integrated solutions for next generation telco networks, OTT media offerings
	6	Maintain a conservative financial profile





Appendix I Additional materials



Key financial performance



(in IDR millions)	2009 (Audited)	2010 (Audited)	2011 (Audited)	2012 (Audited)	9M 2012 (Unaudited)	9M 2013 (Unaudited)
Revenues	197,426	286,366	330,956	529,408	351,210	600,339
Growth	405%	45%	16%	60%	46%	71%
Cost of revenue	11,172	16,866	23,679	41,705	28,308	51,084
Operating expenses	13,310	15,613	28,963	45,656	26,841	51,934
EBITDA	172,944	253,888	278,313	442,047	296,062	497,320
Margin	88%	89%	84%	83%	84%	83%
Depreciation and amortization	(17,890)	(52,056)	(55,151)	(88,144)	(63,081)	(82,169)
Operating income	155,054	201,832	223,162	353,903	232,981	415,151
Margin	79%	70%	67%	67%	66%	69%
Others – net	99,334	105,924	(47,134)	(112,948)	(101,664)	(226,637)
Income before tax	254,388	307,756	176,028	240,955	131,318	188,515
Income tax expenses	(88,614)	(77,345)	(41,708)	(65,251)	(37,249)	(44,395)
Profit for the year	165,774	230,411	134,320	175,705	94,068	144,120
Other comprehensive income	_	_	(37,994)	(355)	(3,503)	6,783
Total comprehensive income for the year	165,774	230,411	96,326	173,350	90,566	150,903

Source: Company data

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Balance sheet and capital structure



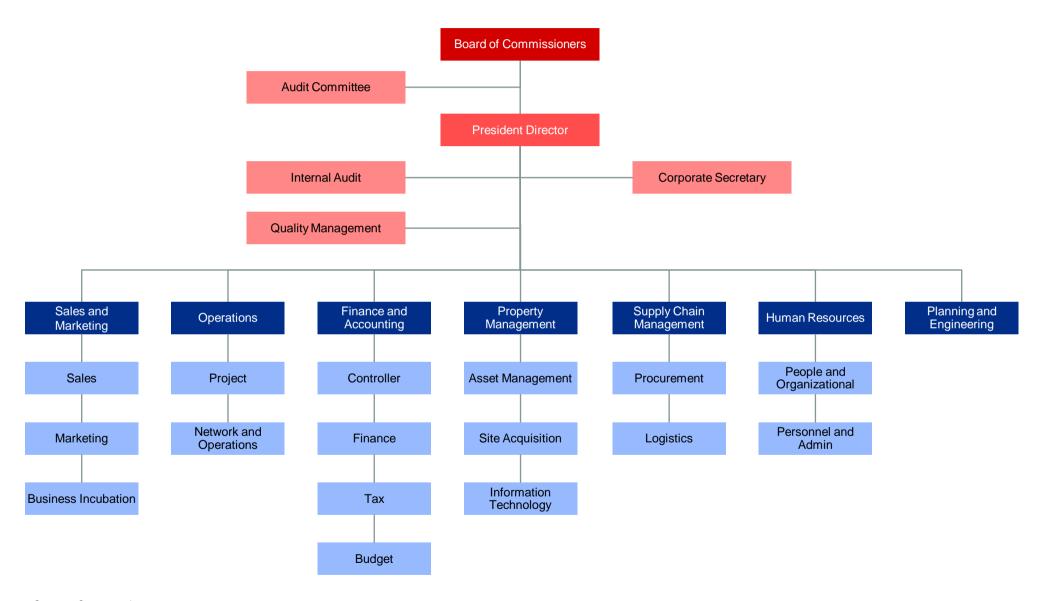
(in IDR billions)	2009 (Audited)	2010 (Audited)	2011 (Audited)	2012 (Audited)	9M 2013 (Unaudited)
Consolidated Balance Sheet					
Current assets	213	340	965	917	1,667
Non-current Assets	1,137	1,458	1,880	2,965	4,446
Total assets	1,349	1,799	2,845	3,882	6,113
Current liabilities	239	249	397	744	534
Non-current liabilities	867	1,076	1,547	1,418	3,423
Equity	244	474	901	1,727	2,156
Key Ratios					
Current ratio	0.89x	1.37x	2.43x	1.23x	3.12x
Net debt/equity	0.38x	0.48x	0.28x	0.34x	0.93x
Net debt/total assets	0.07x	0.13x	0.09x	0.15x	0.33x
Net debt/ LQA EBITDA	0.33x	0.88x	0.89x	1.01x	2.72x
Total liabilities/equity	4.54x	2.79x	2.16x	1.26x	1.84x
Total liabilities/assets	0.82x	0.74x	0.68x	0.56x	0.65x

Note: Debt in US\$ currency as of 30 Sep 2013 is translated into IDR using the hedge rate (as also agreed in our loan facility agreements)



Organisation structure









Thank you